Building Indicator Project (BIP) Meeting

University Neighborhood Housing Program April 2025

<u>Agenda</u>

Introduction

UNHP Analysis of the Current Multifamily Real Estate Picture

History of the Building Indicator Project

NYC Market Analysis and Bronx Multifamily Sales Analysis

Causes of Distress

Responsible Multifamily Lending

Questions

Presentation by Kim Darga, HPD's Deputy Commissioner for Development



Building Indicator Project History

The Building Indicator Project is a database developed by UNHP to identify NYC multifamily properties in physical and/or financial distress. In its current form, BIP has aggregated more than a decade of data for all 70,000+ rental buildings in NYC, tracking more than 120 data points for each building.

BIP Quarterly Reports

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	3175 VILLA AVENUE	56	5	411	10468	BX	207	10	3	1914	0		
	1020 TIFFANY STREET	8	5	127.01	10459		202	12	2	1931	0		
	803 EAST 182 STREET	44	5	393	10460		206	10	2	1931	0		
	757 EAST 169 STREET	24	5	151	10456		203	9	2	1926	0		
	506 BROOK AVENUE	9	5	43	10455		201	7	4	1931	0	0 C7	
	875 LONGFELLOW AVENUE	32	5	115.02	10474		202	8	4	1928	1997	0 C7	
	741 JENNINGS STREET	15	5	151	10459		203	12	4	1905	1993	0 C7	
	1211 WASHINGTON AVENUE	8	4	145	10456		203	9	2	1931	0	0 C6	
	838 BECK STREET	8	4	87	10459		202	8	2	1907	1984	0 C6	
	283 ST ANNS AVENUE	11	5	39	10454		201	7	4	1931	1995	2003 C7	
	483 WILLIS AVENUE	7	5	43	10455		201	7	4	1931	0		
	2141 PROSPECT AVENUE	15	4	371	10457		206	12	2	1910	0		
	212 EAST TREMONT AVENUE	10	5	233.02	10457		205	9	2	1912	0		
	2015 GRAND AVENUE	31	5	243	10453		205	10	2	1924	0	0 C6	
	851 EAST TREMONT AVENUE	22	5	365.01	10460		206	12	2	1931	0		
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2030300143	2250 WEBSTER AVENUE	20		383.02	10457	BX	206	10	2	1913	0	0 C6	
	643 EAST 232 STREET	62	5	420	10466		212	11	2	1926	0		
2033110145	251 EAST 204 STREET	8	4	413	10458	BX	207	10	2	1931	0	0 C6	
2027200041	1025 LEGGETT AVENUE	53	6	85	10455	BX	202	8	2	1924	0	0 C6	

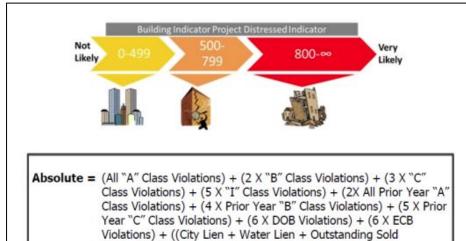


Building Indicator Project History

BIP employs a scoring system, developed in collaboration with financial institutions, advocates, property managers, and researchers to identify buildings likely or highly likely to be in distress.

BIP Users Include

- Non-profit organizations
- Financial institutions
- Regulatory bodies



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Per Unit = (Absolute) / (Number of Residential Units)

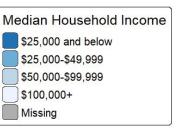
Product = (Absolute) X (Per Unit) / 25 = "The BIP Score"



Demographic Information

Median Household Income by

Census Tract 2023



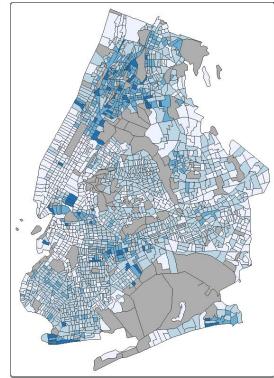
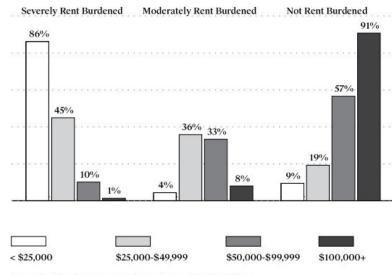


Figure 20. Rent Burden, by Household Income



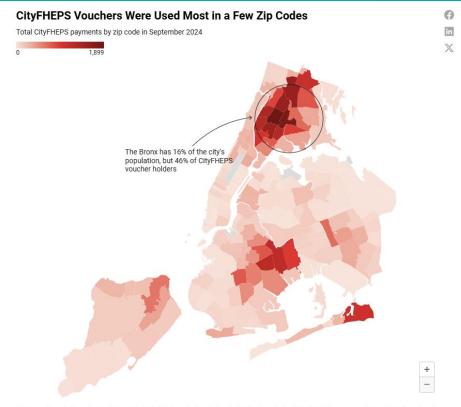
Source: New York City Housing and Vacancy Survey (NYCHVS), 2023.

Please refer to the technical appendices at the end of this report for details on the NYCHVS design, definitions, and methodology.



U.S. Census Bureau, "American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates: Comparison Profiles 5-Year," 2023

Demographic Information

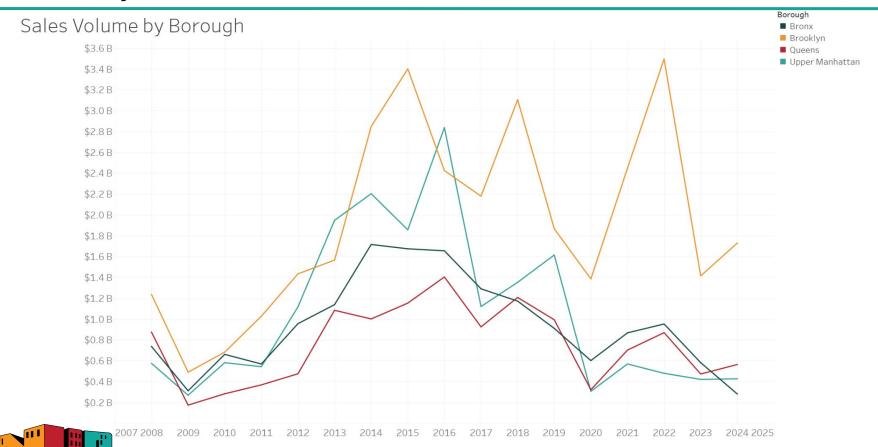




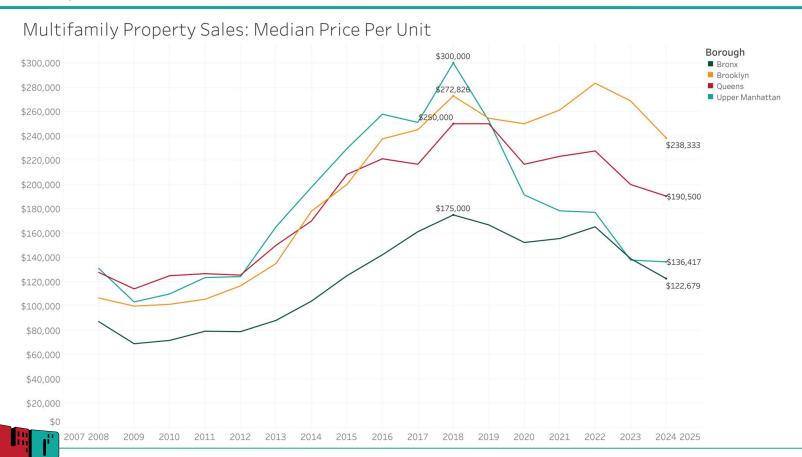
Map: Patrick Spauster | City Limits • Source: DSS LL145 Report • Get the data • Created with Datawrapper



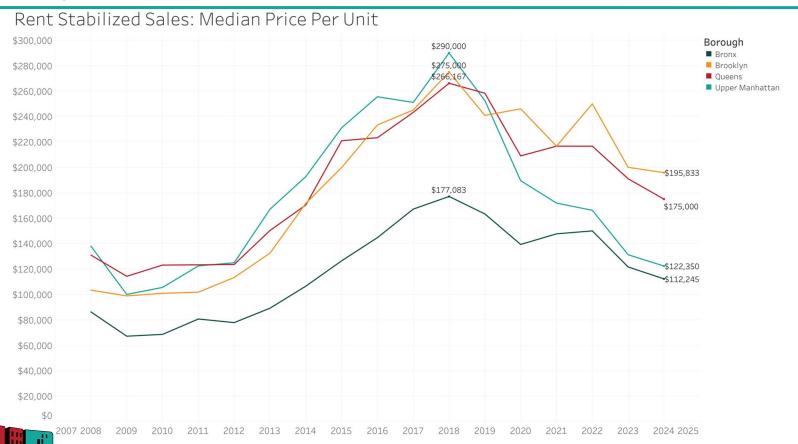
NYC Multifamily Real Estate Market



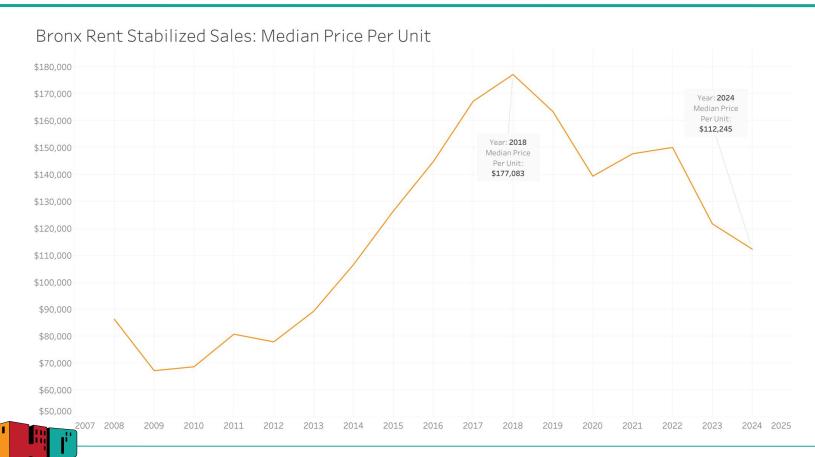
NYC Multifamily Real Estate Market



NYC Multifamily Real Estate Market

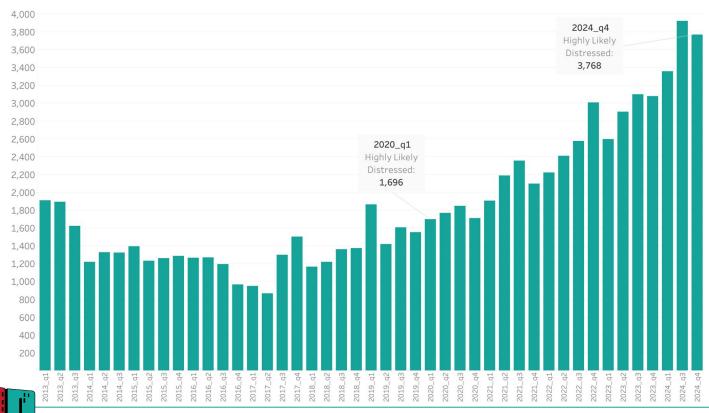


Bronx Multifamily Pricing Analysis - 2024



Distress in Multifamily Housing

NYC Properties Highly Likely To Be in Distress



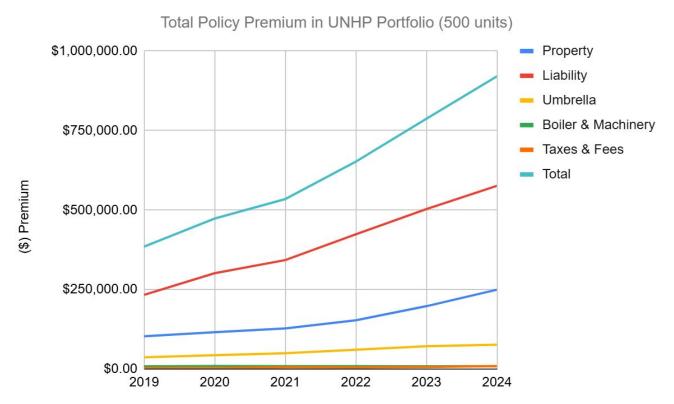
Operating Conditions Affecting Multifamily Housing

- Rising Property and Liability Insurance Costs
- Rising Water, Sewer and other Utility Costs
- Higher Interest Rates and Reduced Market
 Values causing difficulty or inability to refinance
- Reduced Rent collections since Covid 19, slow housing courts, lack of rental assistance options
- Compliance with costly and unfunded NYC Local Law requirements like Local Law 11 (Facade),
 Local Law 152 (Gas), and Local Law 97 (Energy)

- Energy Efficiency Upgrade and Retrofit funding cuts at the Federal Level
- Weatherization Assistance Program which is our most common method of funding retrofits in older rent stabilized buildings
- Inflation Reduction Act which we have used to finance the installation solar panels in 7 of our buildings and has reduced our electricity usage in those buildings by up to 90%

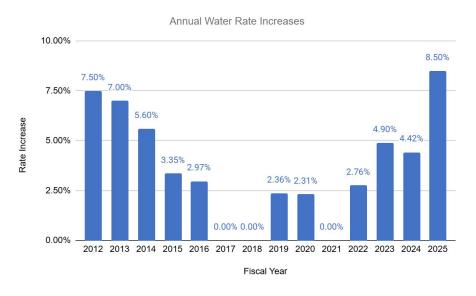


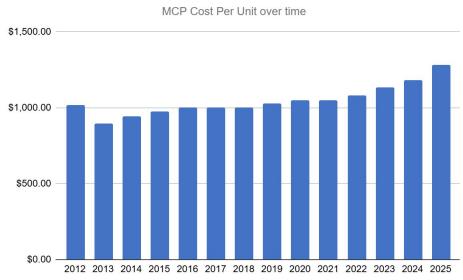
Causes of Increased Distress





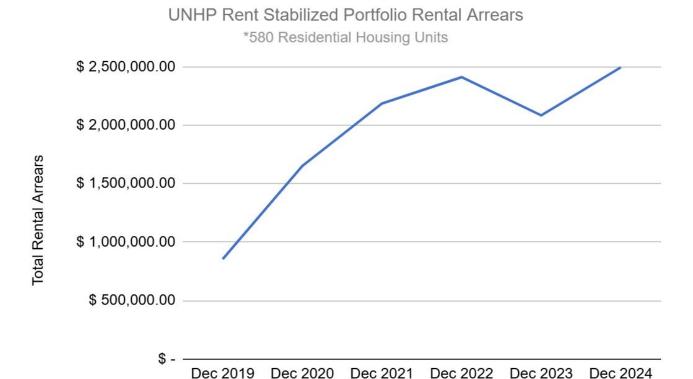
Causes of Increased Distress





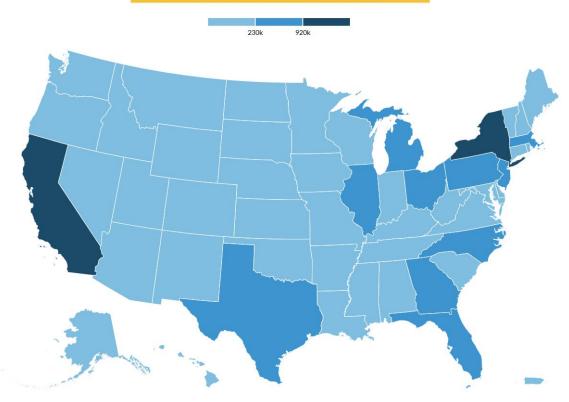


Causes of Increased Distress











Responsible Multifamily Lending

All multifamily lenders can do their part to uphold tenant stability, building safety, and responsible operations

ANHD's Equitable Reinvestment Committee guidelines on best practices

- Minimum debt service of 1.2 or more on rent-stabilized buildings
 - Considered on only current in-place rents and realistic maintenance costs
- Ensure realistic appraisal values
- Consult multiple sources to evaluate the records of landlords and property managers
- Tenant engagement sessions



Best Practices in Multifamily Lending

- Require minimum Debt Service Coverage Ratios of 1.2 or more on rent-stabilized buildings. Consider only current in-place rents (including preferential rents) and realistic maintenance costs when determining the net operating income for the property. Speculative underwriting that is based on high rates of turnover of rent-regulated tenants and rent increases made by removing preferential rents, charging Major Capital Improvements and Individual Capital Improvements provide major incentives for tenant harassment and displacement. The set of best practices overall are meant to eliminate this practice. Additionally, discourage additional debt without getting approval from the bank prior to doing so in order to keep the building at a debt service coverage of >1.2.
- Ensure realistic appraisal values, based on current rents, building conditions, and maintenance costs.
- Consult multiple sources to evaluate the record of landlords and property managers, including
 their record of managing properties that are not within the bank's portfolio:
 - Violations and liens
 - Lists currently used by regulators, HPD distressed asset List and the Building Indicator Project (BIP) Database.
 - Additional lists and indicators: "Worst Landlord List," landlords under investigation by government agencies (e.g., the Attorney General), Department of Buildings (DOB) violations, and Department of Homeless Services (DHS) violations.
 - Media reports based on Internet searches and input from tenant organizers to determine whether borrowers have raised concerns with tenants or have reputational issues that should be taken into account in the underwriting process.
 - Additional indicators as they become available in the future, especially ones that demonstrate harassment, displacement, and a loss of rent-regulated units.
- Hold regular information and engagement sessions with tenant organizers and tenant leaders to identify problem landlords and practices.
- Hire point person for the bank who will visit buildings and is available to respond to and meet with tenants.
- In cases where the loan has already been made, work with all parties borrower, community
 organizations and the City to address the issues in the building.
- In cases where the loan is being considered, take similar steps to assess the situation and, when
 problems are confirmed, will address the situation proactively, such as through requiring building
 improvements, or decline to make the loan.
- Apply the same standards for collateral loans (i.e., loans using multifamily buildings as collateral) and loans made through a mortgage broker.



Questions

If you have any questions you can contact Ana Peña, Community Research and Data Analyst at apena@unhp.org



www.unhp.org/donate

Contact: Cathy Clarke, Clarke@unhp.org



