Building Indicator Project – Annual Meeting

University Neighborhood Housing Program December 15, 2022

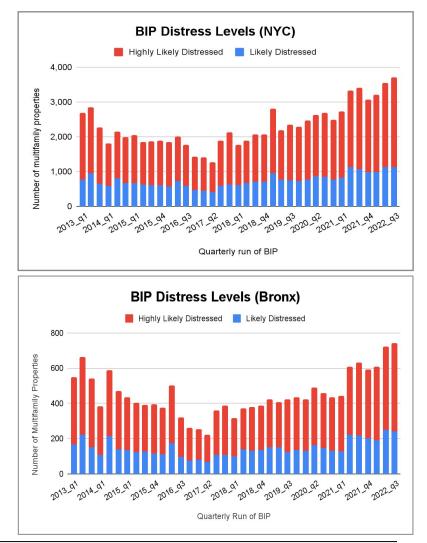
<u>Agenda</u>

- *Introduction* Jim Buckley, Executive Director (UNHP)
- UNHP Presentation Jacob Udell, Director of Research and Data (UNHP)
- *HPD Presentation* Kim Darga, Deputy Commissioner, Office of Development (HPD)
- Questions & Discussion



Building Indicator Project (BIP)

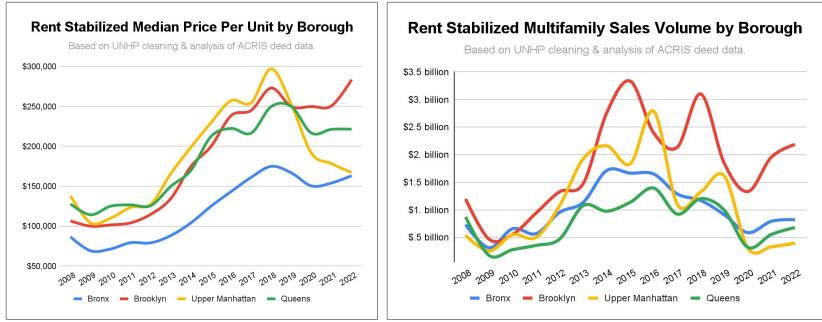
- Rise in distress of **nearly 300%** since a low in 2017, particularly over the last two years (n = 71,706).
- Among likely rent-stabilized properties, there has been a 435% rise in distress buildings since 2017 (n = 42,061).
- Why is this happening?
 - Speculation and the end of the real estate cycle,
 - Changing profit calculus post-HSTPA,
 - Pandemic.
- What has the role of lenders been? And what should their responsibility be moving forward?





Rent-Stabilized Market

- Dip in prices per unit & sales volume for rent-stabilized housing in 2019 has proven lasting (except in Brooklyn & Lower Manhattan). Will it continue?
- Potential for crisis, but also a preservation opportunity?





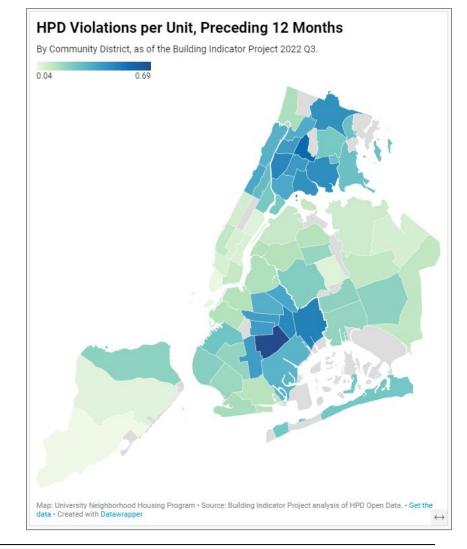
"Rent-Stabilized Property" defined as having at least one rent-stabilized unit during the year in which the sale occurred, according to all publicly available sources of data.

University Neighborhood Housing Program

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Physical Distress

- Particularly stark rise in open violations recently.
- Over the last four quarters of BIP, there has been an average of approximately 325,000 unresolved prior year violations across the database.
 - Over the previous five years, that average was around 235,000.
- Violations are largely concentrated in the Bronx, Upper Manhattan, and certain neighborhoods in Brooklyn.
- Is the rise due to a change in approach by HPD inspectors, or reflective of deteriorating conditions?

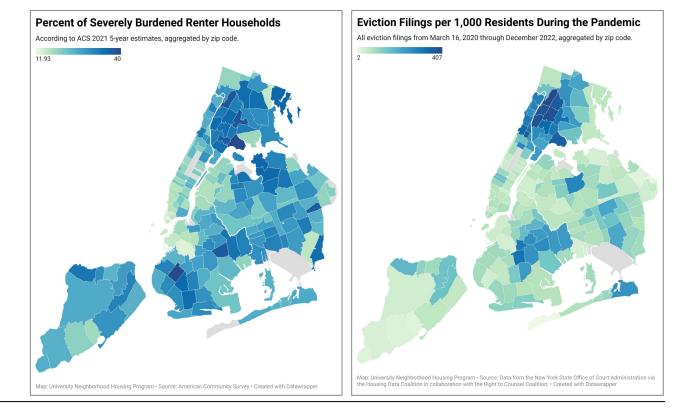


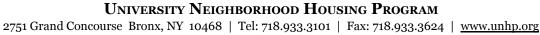


Physical Distress, Evictions, & Rent Burden

• Heat maps of eviction filings and percentage of rent burdened households overlap with the previous map of maintenance code violations.

Begs serious questions about the state of housing operations in areas with concentrations of low- and moderate-income households, largely communities of color.







Physical Distress – Top Decile

- Properties with top 10% of violations as of BIP Q3 2022
 - 7,511 properties
 - Average of **5.3** unresolved hazardous and immediately hazardous violations per unit.
- Over 80% of these properties have been in the top decile of physical distress for **at least 10 quarters** of BIP since 2008 (45 total quarterly data runs).
- How do we address chronically distressed multifamily properties, especially at a time sings of physical distress are rising?
 - Code Enforcement? Subsidy? Preservation?

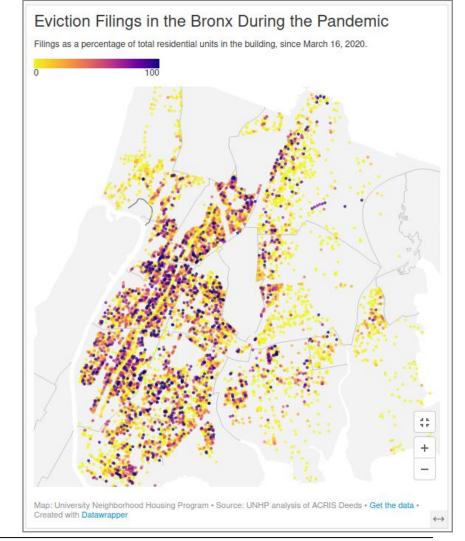
Borough	# of Buildings in Top Decile	% of Total Buildings in Borough	Average Top Decile Occurrences, 2008-2022
Manhattan	1,653	7.3%	26.9
Bronx	977	10.9%	21.7
Brooklyn	3,964	14.2%	27.0
Queens	865	7.5%	24.7
Staten Island	52	7.4%	20.9



Source: UNHP's Building Indicator Project.

Eviction Data – Bronx

- The Bronx has almost twice the eviction filing rate as NYC as a whole.
 - Since March 2020, the had Bronx **260** eviction filings per 1,000 units.
 - The next highest rate is Brooklyn, with **134** eviction filings per 1,000 units.
- 20% of Bronx properties in BIP have seen eviction filings on more than 50% of households since March 2020.
- Sifting out filings as court cases progress (by portfolio, by geography, by legal representation etc) will be key in coming months and years.





LISC & UNHP Report

- Regression analysis of over a decade of BIP data –
 - Isolates "speculation" as a predictive Ο indicator for other data.
- Empirical approach to core questions about rising property values and debt levels.
- Far from leading to reinvestment, "speculative" investment led to higher rates of eviction as well as disinvestment.

Challenges the prevailing theory of how we ensure safe & stable housing.



To download the report, click here

BBL with Speculative Sale 2016-2017	Total HPD Violations 2018-2020 13,025 1,389,549 1,402,574	Total Units 11,940 2,610,533 2,622,473	Total Violations Per Unit 2018-2020 1.09 0.53 0.53
Yes			
No			
Total			

BBL with Speculative Debt 2016-2017	Total HPD Violations 2018-2020	Total Units	Total Violations Per Unit 2018-2020
res	95,773	70,001	1.37
No	1,306,801	2,552,472	0.51
Total	1,402,574	2,622,473	0.53



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